

Explaining the Position of Velayat-e-Faqih in the Ideological Foundations of the Lebanese Hezbollah Movement

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Abstract

The Zionist regime's military invasion of Lebanon in 1982 led to the formation of the Lebanese Hezbollah movement; But beyond that, issues such as the educated Lebanese clerics of Najaf influenced by the thoughts and opinions of Imam Khomeini, developments in Lebanon, especially political instability in Lebanon due to the civil war, the inefficiency of elites in crisis management and the growing spread. The class divide has had an undeniable impact on the rise of Lebanese Hezbollah. In fact, Hezbollah in Lebanon was established with the aim of fighting and resisting the Zionist regime, so that many of Hezbollah's successes in achieving this goal are rooted in the foundations and beliefs of this movement. On this basis, the main purpose of this article is to compare the spiritual and intellectual aspects of Velayat-e-Faqih in the system of the Islamic Republic of Iran and the Lebanese Hezbollah movement and to answer the basic question that: The concept of Velayat-e-Faqih in the form of what is the role of Hezbollah's ideological foundations in Lebanon? Findings of the research, using the existing texts in this field (books, articles, newspapers and lectures), show that some time after its formation, Hezbollah, in coordination with the theory of Velayat-e-Faqih, adopted a flexible approach, he accepted the Lebanese political system and tried to establish an Islamic government in Lebanon following the line of Velayat-e Faqih, however, the multiplicity of tribes in Lebanese society has still prevented the establishment of an Islamic government in the country.

Keywords: Velayat-e Faqih, Imam Khomeini, Islamic Republic of Iran, Hezbollah Movement, Lebanon, Zionist Regime.

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